



seated dumbbell curl

FORM Sit on a bench with your feet firmly placed shoulder width apart. Hold a dumbbell in each hand at your side, with palms facing toward the side of the thigh and arms straight down.

MOVEMENT Tighten the stomach muscles and core. Lift one dumbbell toward the shoulder in a curling movement, rotating the arm as it moves up so that the palm with the dumbbell faces the shoulder. Perform one arm at a time. Lower the dumbbell and repeat with the opposite arm for the required reps.

Checkpoints: Don't curl the dumbbell so far up that your elbow leaves your side, your upper arm should remain in position thoughout the movement. Keep your torso still during the curl, resisting the urge to rock.

concentration curls

FORM Sit on a bench with feet firmly placed on the floor. Hold the dumbbell in one hand with the arm hanging loosely against the inner thigh. Place the other hand on your leg for support during the movement. Keep your core contracted and back straight, while keeping your head steady. Remember to exhale on exertion.

MOVEMENT Curl the weight upward by bending at the elbow while keeping the upper arm firmly placed against the inner thigh of the leg. Keep your back straight and your head and neck steady. Slowly lower the weight back down to the starting position.

preacher curls

FORM Stand behind an angled bench with legs slightly bent holding a dumbbell in one hand, palm facing upwards. Alternatively you can sit on the seated preacher curl machine. Whichever you prefer, ensure that the back of your upper arm is completely supported on the pad.

MOVEMENT Lift the dumbbell up towards you, ensure your upper arm remains in contact with the pad at all times. Slowly lower the dumbbell back down to the start position. Repeat movement with other arm.



Get to know your body better...



The workouts incorporate exercises targeted at the four main muscle groups; Biceps Brachii, Brachialis, Coracobrachialis & triceps

BICEPS BRACHII:

This muscle has two (bi-) heads Function Bends the arm at the elbow and turns the forearm palm-up.

Location The two points (one for each head) originates on the deep anterior, superior part of the scapula. These points are the glenoid fossa and the coracoid process and they insert on the anterior surface of the radius below the head.

BRACHIALIS:

Function Bends the arm at the elbow.

Location Originates on the anterior surface of the humerus and inserts on the anterior surface on the head of the ulna.

CORACOBRACHIALIS:

Function Adducts the upper arm and lifts it forward.

Location Originates on the coracoid process of the scapula and inserts on the mid-point on the medial side of the humerus.

TRICEPS:

This muscle has three (tri-) heads Function Extends the arm at the elbow.

Location The medial and lateral heads attach to the posterior surface of the humerus. The long head attaches to the lower border of the scapula, close to the arm socket. All three heads attach to the tricep tendon, which inserts into the base of the ulna on its posterior side. This point is called the olecranon.



hammer curls

FORM Stand with your feet about shoulder width apart with a dumbbell in each hand at your sides, with your palms facing in towards your leg.

MOVEMENT Slowly curl the dumbbell up, one at a time, keeping your elbows tight against your body until your thumbs face your shoulders. Squeeze and pause briefly at the top of the movement, then return the weight to its starting position.

Keep your elbows close to your body throughout the whole movement. If you find that your elbows are moving forward when executing the move lower your weight. It's important not to curl the weight past the point where tension leaves the forearm and bicep.

FACTS ABOUT THE HAMMER CURL

The main difference between the hammer and a standard dumbbell curl is that you keep your thumbs pointing towards you, with your wrist in a locked position throughout the movement, with no supination. With the

hammer curl you get more forearm involvement and it is a good variation to use for mixing up your arm workout because it works the arm from a different angle, developing an elongated bicep brachii, which gives the biceps and forearms a better overall look.

standing barbell curls

FORM Stand with your feet about shoulder width apart, keeping your knees slightly bent. Hold a barbell with your hands about shoulder width apart, palms facing forward.

MOVEMENT

Lift the bar up towards vour chest in a semicircular movement, keeping your elbows close to your side. Lift the bar as far up as possible, focusing on contracting your biceps. Slowly lower the bar back down to the starting position, keeping your elbows close to your side. Do not allow your arms to hyperextend at the bottom of the movement.

Keep your elbows close to your side throughout the entire movement. Make sure you keep your arms slightly bent at the bottom of the movement. Do not arch your back to lift the weight up.



Keep your knees slightly bent, and abdominals and core contracted at all times



21s

FORM Stand with your feet about shoulder width apart and your knees slightly bent. Hold a barbell with hands positioned about shoulder width apart. MOVEMENT Slowly lift the bar halfway up until the bar is parallel with the floor and return to the starting position. Do this for 7 reps. Then, without stopping, bring the bar all the way up. On the descent stop half way down, when the bar is parallel with the floor. Do this for 7 reps. Then, without stopping, do 7 full barbell curls.

"Use weights that allow a smooth and controlled motion. This will stop you from cheating"

bosu ball bicep curl

FORM Step onto the blue side of the Bosu Ball, placing your feet hip-width apart. Hold one dumbbell in each hand. Bend your knees slightly and engage your core muscles.

MOVEMENT Curl both arms up into a bicep curl and then slowly lower the weights without completely straightening your arms. Alternate your arms and once you are able to balance lift both arms together. This will be a little more challenging. When you can perform the above with correct form, flip the Bosu Ball onto the black side and repeat. This is a fairly advanced variation.

Regular bicep curls will increase the muscle strength in your biceps, but performing bicep curls on a Bosu Ball will improve your balance and core strength, and will burn more calories as well. The Bosu Ball may be difficult to balance on at first, but you will get better with practice. Start with light weights and slowly progress.

ADVANCED EXERCISES

One should only attempt advanced exercises once a solid foundation has been built up through correct strength training progression. Attention to form is key to preventing injuries.







weighted dips

FORM Sit on a bench with your hands next to your thighs. Place a weight comfortably across your legs and place your feet on a raised surface in front of you, so that your knees remain slightly bent.

To make it a little more difficult, you may use an unstable surface, such as a physio ball. Balance on your arms while slowly moving your bum in front of the bench, keeping your legs slightly bent.

MOVEMENT Bend your elbows and slowly lower your body downwards, keeping your shoulders away from your ears and your elbows parallel to one another. Lower yourself until your arms create a 90 degree angle. Push back up to the starting position. If you have any wrist or shoulder problems, be wary of performing this exercise.



lying tricep extension into two close grip bench presses



FORM Lie on your back on a bench with your feet placed firmly on the ground, platform or at the end of the bench. Hold a barbell above your chest with your hands shoulder width apart. MOVEMENT Slowly lower the bar down towards your forehead in a semicircular movement by bending the elbows, while your upper arms remain still. Lower the bar slowly until just past the top of your head, then push the bar back up. Now, slowly lower the barbell down towards your chest, keeping your elbows as close to your body as possible i.e. performing a close grip bench press. Push the bar back up to the start position, keeping your arms slightly bent at the top of the movement. Repeat this movement i.e. performing two close grip bench presses.

Ensure you lower the barbell slowly towards your head. Keep your upper arms still when performing the tricep extension. Keep your arms close to your side when performing the close grip bench press.



medicine ball throw and tricep clap push up

FORM Kneel and hold a medicine ball overhead with both hands. Keep your elbows up and fairly close together, as if you were doing an overhead tricep extension. Slowly lower the ball down behind your head as far as possible, keeping your elbows close together. Explosively throw the ball as far up and forward as possible. Drop down into a ladies tricep clap push up, keeping your elbows close to your side. Explode back up and perform a clap before landing back in a ladies clap push up again.

BEGINNER WORKOUT

Seated Dumbbell Curl 3 Sets Of 12 - 15 Reps Hammer Curls 3 Sets Of 12 - 15 Reps Concentration Curls 3 Sets Of 12 - 15 Reps Dips 3 Sets (as many as you can do)

Tricep Push Ups 3 Sets Of 12 - 15 Reps

(Ladies Push Up's if you cannot do Push Up's) Kick Backs 3 Sets Of 10 - 12 Reps either side

INTERMEDIATE WORKOUT Superset Biceps and Triceps

Standing Barbell Bicep Curl	3 Sets Of 12 - 15 Reps
Lying Tricep Extensions	3 Sets Of 12 - 15 Reps
Preacher Curl	3 Sets Of 12 - 15 Reps
Tricep Push Ups	3 Sets Of 12 - 15 Reps
Standing Dumbbell Curl	3 Sets Of 12 - 15 Reps
Close Grip Bench Press	3 Sets Of 12 - 15 Reps
Concentration Curl	3 Sets Of 12 - 15 Reps
Weighted Dips	3 Sets Of Maximum

ADVANCED WORKOUT Supers	set Biceps and Triceps
Bosu Ball Dumbbell Curl	3 sets of 10 - 12
Lying Tricep Extensions	3 sets of 10 - 12
Standing Barbell Curl	4 sets of 10 - 12
Weighted Dips	4 sets of Maximum
Medicine Ball Throw And	3 sets of 5 reps
Tricep Clap Push Up	
Lying Tricep Extension Into	3 sets of 8 - 10
2 Close Grip Bench Press	
21s	1 / 2 sets
Tricep Push Ups	1 / 2 sets of Maximum

This workout proudly features Fitness Essentials athletes



Your Workout

The rep range varies depending on the exercise. I prefer using a lower rep range (10-12) with most of the compound exercises in order to help build strength and a solid foundation. I use a moderate (12-15) to high rep

range (15-20) on isolation exercises as this helps with circulating more blood, "pumping up" the muscle to deliver more nutrients and breaks up the fascia tissue. which in turn assists with achieving the "toned" look. 1

about Tasmin

This tall, lean fitness athlete is a self-confessed health freak, qualified beautician and super-mom. Tasmin has a black belt in karate and has had a great deal of success overseas as a fitness athlete. She won the Mr and Miss Fitness competition here in SA, and has also jetted off to the US, where she placed 3rd in Fitness America and in the top 10 in the Model America show in Las Vegas. She has also run the Two Oceans marathon and plans on achieving many more awesome sporting feats. (She plans to enter the 2010 USN Face of Fitness competition we hear - Ed). Tasmin uses exercise as her therapy and says she can't live without it, much like her children. Her other passions include her healthy lifestyle, "funny" eating and the sun, and she constantly strives to only do good in life.

